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PHARMACOLOGICAL RICHNESS OF Tinospora cordifolia

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ABSTRACT

Tinospora cordifolia, commonly called as "Giloy" in Hindibelongs to the family Menispermaceae. It is known as Amrita in Ayurveda due to its immense medicinal value and is used to cure a number of diseases and disorders. It is a deciduous woody climber and almost all parts of this medicinal herb constitute pharmacological properties. It is widely used in India and its neighboring countries as a medicinal plant since decades due to the presence of secondary metabolites such as alkaloids, glycosides, steroids, lactones, polysaccharides, flavonoids etc. Some of medicinally important compounds commonly found in this plant are Columbin, Beta sitosterol, Palmatine, Tinosporin, Berberine, Hexadecanoic acid, Alpha tocopherol, Magnoflorine and Phytol (Gautam *et al*,2020). Further studies on pharmacological importance of this plant and detailed analysis of its phytochemicals would be helpful in the drug discovery process.

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INTRODUCTION

Tinospora cordifolia, a well-known medicinal plant in our ancient ayurvedic literature, commonly called as Guduchi in sanskrit is definitely one of the most important herbs found in nature (Upadhyay and Mishra, 2010). This medicinal herbgrows commonly in many Asian countries such as Sri Lanka, Thailand, India, China, Philippines and Malaysia. In India, it is found in almost all parts of India extending fromKumaon Mountains located in the North to Kanyakumari in the South. *Tinospora cordifolia* has been given many National and International names such as Gulvel in Punjabi, Gilo in Orissa, Amariata in Assamese, Gulbel in China and Amritu in Marathi (Upadhyay and Mishra, 2010; Singh *et al*,2005; Gautam *et al*,2020).

Giloyis usually grown as an ornamental plant andcan be easily grown with the help of stem cuttings. As Giloy is a climber basically, it is especially made to grow on other plants like Neem tree that can support the climber well. It is usuallypropagated easily with the help of cuttings as it is found to grow slower by sowing seeds in monsoon (Srivastav, 2011; Papitha *et al*,2016;Singh *et al*,2019). It normally grows in all kinds of climate but it prefers warm climate and its planting is usually done at the time of rainy season. It is found to grow in all types of soils but for its cultivation purpose, usually black or red soil is preferred (Shefali *et al*, 2013). *Tinospora cordifolia* is found to be of immense medicinal value and

*Corresponding author: Dr. Kapila Kumar Maitreyi College, University of Delhi possess numerous medicinal properties like anti-diabetic, anticancer, anti-oxidant, memory enhancement, hepatoprotective, immunomodulatory, anti-inflammatory and anti-neoplastic characteristics. Giloy is often designated as Rasayana in Ayurveda (Gautam *et al*,2020; Albinjose *et al*,2015).

Morphological Description

Giloy is a deciduous perennial climbing woody plantwith alternate, cordate and heart shaped leaves (Upadhyay and Mishra, 2010). The lamina of the leaf of Guduchi is Simple, Alternate, entire, about 7-9 nerved and membranous. Its stem is found to be fleshy and succulent in nature. Itpossesses long filiform fleshy aerial roots and its bark is grevish or whitish in colour with rosette like lenticels (di sotto et al, 2010; Naik et al,2010; Narayan et al,2014). Fruits areorangish red in color and seen usually at the time of winter season (Singh et al,2003;Narayan et al,2014). Small sized flowers are present in Tinospora cordifolia with male flowers occuring in clusters and female flowers are seen as solitary. There are six sepals that are arranged in two whorls and are yellowish green in colour (Gautam et al. 2020; Zhong et al, 2015). This plant is generally known as an immunomodulatory herb and is used to build up the immune system of the body. It has no side effects and toxicity but Ayurvedic literature suggests that it causes constipation if taken regularly for longer period in considerably higher doses (Shefali et al, 2013).



Figure 1 Showing Tinospora cordifolia herb

Nutrient Value of *Tinospora Cordifolia*:*Tinospora cordifolia* is an evergreen woody,climber with high medicinal value which has been designated as Rasayana in Ayurveda due to its significant pharmacological importance. It is highly nutritious as it consists of high quantity of fibre in it that is about 15.9% and sufficient amount of protein (4.5-11%) in it. It possesseslow fat content with a nutritive value of 292.54 calories per 100 gms (Choudhary N *et al* 2013).

Phytochemistry

Basic Phytochemical analysis showed the presence of Carbohydrates, Proteins, Tannins, Saponins, Glycosides, Terpenoids and Alkaloids in methanolic extracts of *Tinospora cordifolia* (Gautam *et al*,2020; Singh *et al*,2019).GCMS analysis of methanolic extract shows the presence of some important phytochemicals such as Hexadecanoic acid, Squalene, Alpha tocopherol, beta sitosterol, calciferol, magnoflorine, palmatine, berberine, tinosporin etc (Singh *et al*. 2019; Gautam *et al*. 2020). A list of phytochemicals present in tinospora cordifolia is given in Table 1 with their biochemical properties.

 Table 1 Showing various biochemical components identified in *Tinospora cordifolia*

S No	Name of compound	Chemical formula	Molwt. (g/mol)	Class	Plant part	Structure
1	Berberine	C20H18NO 4	336.4	Alkaloid	Stem, root	-jar
2	Tinocordiside	C21H32O7	396.5	Glycoside	stem	
3	Furanolacton e	C26H30O8	470.5	Diterpenoi d lactone	Whole plant	X Con
4	Beta sitosterol	C29H50O	414.7	Steroids	stem	dob t
5	Magnoflorine	C20H24NO 4	342.4	Alkaloid	Stem,root	
6	Palmatine	C21H22NO 4	352.4	Alkaloid	Stem, root	
7	Ecdysterone	C27H44O7	480.6	Steroids	Shoot	Ala A
8	Columbin	C20H22O6	358.4	Diterpenoi d lactones	Whole plant	- Alter



Traditional and tribal uses

As more than 400 tribal communities exist in India and they have their own language, culture, traditions, beliefs and knowledge about medicinal herbs occurring in their areas. According to the ethnobotanical surveys conducted by various ethnobotanists, almost all parts of this plant has been documented to be useful.(Gautam *et al*,2020, Chaudhary *et al*. 2013;Kavya *et al*, 2015)

- 1. The stem of this plant is used to treat not only skin diseases, jaundice, bile secretion, antipyretic antimalarial but it also improve digestion and treatintestinal issues.
- 2. It is used to treat diarrhea in the traditional medicinal system of Thailand.
- Its leaves dried in shade and collected in the powdered form and later mixed with hot water is used to cure diabetes by the local people living in Tamilnadu, India.
- 4. The local people staying in Natore district in Bangladesh take its crushed root and leaf powder orally along with brown sugar at night as an effective aphrodisiac.
- 5. The leaves of *Tinospora cordifolia* are used in the treatment of gout and ulcer.
- 6. In Karnataka, some folk people use *Tinospora cordifolia*to cure hyperacidity and indigestion.
- 7. Its root and stem combination is used as Antidote to dangerous snakebites.
- 8. The local people staying in Bagalkot district of Karnataka use *Tinospora cordifolia* to cure hiccups.
- 9. *Tinospora cordifolia* is known to promote longevity and improves immunity.
- 10. The dried fruit of Giloy along with ghee or honey is used as a tonic to cure rheutamism.
- 11. The bark of *Tinospora cordifolia* is commonly utilised as an antiallergic, anti-spasmodic and anti-leprotic.
- 12. Giloyis used to cure urinary disorders and syphilis.
- 13. Its root aqueous extract is used to cure leprosy (Choudhary *et al*, 2013).

Pharmacological Importance

India possess a rich heritage of traditional plant based medicinal system (Sami *et al*,2008).As the traditional medicines from herbs have been an important part of ourhealthcare system since ages due to minimum or no side effects, the market demand for medicinal herbs like *Tinospora cordifolia* has increased drastically in recent years. *Tinospora*

cordifolia belonging to the family Menispermaceae is an effective medicinal herb and is used to cure many diseases and disorders such as fever, dengue, chikengunea, pain, diabetes, skin infections, heart and liver related issues. The current study was formulated to identify the phytoconstituents present in the leaves of *Tinospora cordifolia* (Gautam *et al*,2020; Singh *et al*, 2019).Using detailed pharmacological analysis, some significant phytoactive chemicals found in *Tinospora cordifolia* are tabulated in Table 2.

Table 2 Showing some phytochemicals present in Giloy along with their medicinal properties.

S No	Name of Compound	Class of Compound	Medicinal Value
1	Berberine	Alkaloid	Anti-diabetic as given by Yin <i>et al</i> in 2008
2	Alpha-tocopherol	Tocotrienols	Antioxidant property as given by Suzuki <i>et al</i> in 1993
3	Squalene	Triterpenoids	Protects skin according to Narayan Bhilwade <i>et al</i> in 2010.
4	Phytol	Acyclic Diterpenoids	Antioxidant activity (P Costa <i>et al</i> ,2016).
5	Beta psi carotene	Vitamin A precursor	Antioxidant property as given by Mcarty <i>et al</i> in 1995
6	Hexadecanoic acid	Long chain fatty acid	Antioxidantactivity as given by Beeharry <i>et al</i> 2003.
7	Columbin	Diterpenoid furanolactone	Anti-inflammatory according to Abdelwahab <i>et al</i> ,2012.
8	Gama sitosterol	Triterpenoid	Hypoglycemic effect and Ameliorativepropertyas given by qluwatosin in2017
9	Stigmasterol	Steroid	Anticancer property according to Namdev <i>et</i> <i>al</i> 2015
10	Calciferol	Vitamin D	Osteoporosis (Thakur and Mahesh,2015)
11	Tinosporin	Alkaloid	Antibacterial as given by Jeyachandran <i>et al</i> , 2003.

Some of the important pharmacological properties of Tinospora cordifolia are as follows

- 1. Anti-cancer-The isolation of anti-cancer compounds has been reported by Tungpradit *et al* in 2010 form *Tinospora cordifolia* and *Coscinium fenestratum*.
- 2. Immunomodulatory- A number of studies in the past show that Giloy plant has immense immunomodulatory properties according to some studies done by Sharma *et al*,2012. It's a versatile plant and has been shown to stimulate the immunity as given by Diwanay *et al*,2004 and Kalikar *et al*,2008.
- 3. Anti-pyretic- Researchers have already confirmed the antipyretic properties of Giloy plant as given by Vedavathi and Rao in 1991. The stem of Giloy plant is often used to cure different kinds of fever like dengue and chikungunya as given by Sanjuna *et al*, 2019.
- 4. Anti-diabetic-The oral administration of stem extract of *Tinospora cordifolia* stem was found to have significant anti-diabetic effect on rats as given by various researchers like Rajalakshmi *et al*,2009; Prince PS etal,2004and Gautam *et al*,2020.
- 5. Anti-oxidant-*Tinospora cordifolia* is well known for its antioxidant potential and has shown significant results against the reactive oxygen species. Antioxidant activity

of Giloy was also seen on alloxan diabetic rats (Sengupta *et al*,2009; Subramaniam M *et al*,2002).

- 6. Anti-leprotic- *Tinospora cordifolia* has been known to exert anti-leprotic activity according to many researchers like Sharma and pandey,2010 as well as Asthana in 2001.
- 7. Anti-allergic- Various studies on anti-allergic properties of Giloy on different animal models has been given by Nayampalli *et al*,2002 and Singh *et al* in 2003.
- Antibacterial acitivity The antibacterial activity of different extracts of stem of *Tinospora cordifolia* against different types of microbes like Enterobacter faecalis, Samonella typhi, Staphylococcus sp., Escherichia coli, Proteus vulgaris etc was studied by Jeyachandran *et al* in 2003.
- 9. Hepatoprotective- Different extracts of different parts of *Tinospora cordifolia* were evaluated against carbon tetrachloride induced liver damage in the rats to study the hepatoprotective property of Giloy (Kavitha etal,2011; Adhvaryu *et al*,2008).
- 10. Anti-inflammatory- *Tinospora cordifolia* is a unique ayurvedic herb with immense pharmacological value and is a constituent of many ayurvedic formulations due to the presence of important secondary metabolites in it. It is used in the preparation of classical ayurvedic medicine"Guduchi Ghana" used to cure Madumeha , pandu, kamala etc due to its anti inflammatory activity. As given by Patgiri *et al*,2014; Gulati *et al*,1982).
- 11. Anti-asthamatic- This climbing deciduous herb has anti asthamatic properties and is found to be useful in drug designing as given by Antul *et al*,2019.
- 12. Obstructive jaundice-A study was performed to determine the immune status of patients with obstructive jaundice. Screening of 16 patients was done for phagocytic and microbicidal activity of polymorphonuclear cells(PMN) and Tinospora cordifolia extract was used and it revealed significant results. Research showed that cholestasis resulted in immunosuppression and thus indicated the need for an immunomodulator in the management of obstructive jaundice, as this plant seems to meet the need by consolidating host defence mechanism as given by Rege et al, 1993.
- 13. Radioprotective– The radioprotective efficacy of *Tinospora cordifolia* was studied on male mice by giving gamma irradiations and significant results were obtained as given by Goel HC in 2002.
- 14. Anti-depression and enhanced memory- Neuroprotective effects of *Tinospora cordifolia* have been mentioned in various ancient Ayurvedic literature like Charak samhita. Certain recent studies done by researchers also shows its role in controlling depression and memory enhancement as given by Mutalik and Mutalik, 2011 and Bairy *et al*, 2004.
- 15. Anti-malarial-*Tinospora cordifolia* has been used in the treatment of malaria as an adjuvant drug (Singh RK, 2005; Singh *et al*, 2011).

After studying its phytochemstry and ethnobotanical value and medicinal properties of this valuable woody climber, it seems to be truly said in our ancient Ayurvedic literature that this plant is no doubt a magical herb or Amrita or God's nectar (Singh *et al.*2019; Gautam *et al.*2020).

CONCLUSION

Tinospora cordifolia is widely used since ages in Indian Ayurvedic system of medicine for treating various diseases. Since it is known to have no side effects or bare minimum side effects according to Ayurveda and is reported to be beneficial for the immune system, further research on the phytochemicals present in this plant can lead to the treatment of many diseases (Gautam *et al*,2020). Further, this plant can be used for the development of novel drug formulations for various diseases. *Tinospora cordifolia* extracts could further be exploited in future as a source of important bioactive phytochemicals that can be used in the pharmaceutical industries.

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